Manual for owners and skippers



Sailing yacht "Vision 46"



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Segelyacht Vision 46 Bavaria Yachtbau GmbH

Introduction

This manual will help you to handle your yacht safely and with joy. Apart from information on the boat itself and supplied equipment or installed accessories the manual also contains information on operation and maintenance. Please familiarise yourself with everything before going on your first voyage. If this is your first sailing yacht, or if you are not really familiar with the special characteristics of a keel yacht,

for your own safety and comfort, please make sure to get proper training before putting it into operation. Do no hesitate to contact your dealer for information on further training possibilities. As the scope of delivery may vary depending on the order the equipment of your yacht may deviate from some descriptions and illustrations. To be able to constantly upgrade our yachts to state-of-the-art status we reserve the right to changes in form, equipment and technology. For that reason no claims can be derived from data,

> PLEASE KEEP THIS MANUAL IN A SAFE PLACE AND HAND IT OVER TO THE NEW OWNER IF YOU SELL THE YACHT.

BAVARIA would like to welcome you to the circle of BAVARIA owners and would like to thank you for placing your confidence in our products by acquiring this yacht.

Your contract partner and the management and staff of Bavaria Yachtbau GmbH hope you will enjoy your new yacht.

Bon voyage, fair winds and fine weather.

BAVARIA Yachtbau GmbH

illustrations and descriptions contained in this manual.

Management

J. Ludmann

Category of design

Following the European Recreational Craft Directive each boat has to be classified according to a category of design.

The sailing yacht BAVARIA Vision 46 belong to the category of design A / B

'A' OCEAN: Designed for extended voyages where conditions may exceed wind force 8 (Beaufort scale) and significant wave heights of 4 m and above but excluding abnormal conditions, and vessels largely sufficient.

'B' OFFSHORE: Designed for offshore voyages where conditions of up to, and including, wind force 8

(Beaufort scale) and significant wave heights up to, and including, 4 m may be experienced.

For yachts with a length of more than 12m hull length the EC-Directive intends the certification module B (EC type-examination).

Germanischer Lloyd, headquartered in Hamburg, was authorised to do the necessary certification as a notified body (see: Declaration of conformity).

Identification

Certification

The hull identification was formed into the transom on starboard side. This is a unique sequence of digits and letters.

Builder's plate

The builder's plate on the right of the steering position is a demand of the Directive because certain information are required which will be explained in the following.



Explanations

Category of design A / B

Max. =10 / 16

Max + = 2402 / 2851 kg

- : Ocean / Offshore
- : Maximum number of persons recommended by the manufacturer for which the boat was designed to carry when under way.
 - Maximum additional loading including 12/16 persons, stores, provisions and personal equipment (excluding tank capacities).
- : CE marking which indicates the conformity of the yacht with all provisions of the Directive.

CE

Warnings

Many chapters of this manual will inform on trouble free operation, maintenance or draw your attention to sign of dangers. To find them more easily they are specially marked (in boxes or in bold). We advise you to stud them carefully although the experienced skipper might be quite familiar with many of them. The following chapters contain such warnings/notes or other important information for operating the yacht.



Always observe seaman's duty of care!



Means, that an extreme real hazard which will lead to the death or too irreparable injuries with great probability exists if no adequate precautions are found.



Warning Means, that a hazard which can lead to injuries or death exists if no adequate precautions



Caution

Means a reminder of safety measures or draws the attention to procedures, which might be not safe or lead to personal injuries or damage of the vessel or its components.

Security Advice



Attention!

From wind force 6 the hatch in the cab entrance is to be closed.



Attention!

Starting from wind force 6 the cab windows in the cockpit are to be closed.



Attention!

Make yourself and your crew familiar with the bath platform. It makes the re-entrance possible! Danger of pinching! Maximum capacity 2 persons (150kg)



Attention!

Turn off the engine before using the bathing ladder!



Attention!

When loading of the vessel you must never exceed the maximum recommended load. Always load with the weight distributed appropriately to the designed trim. Heavy loads must be placed as low as possible.



Attention!

The maximum recommended number of passenger must not be exceeded. Regardless of the number of persons on board the total weight of people and equipment shall never exceed the recommended maximum load capacity.



Attention!

Loose equipment (e.g. fender, mooring lines, etc.)should be stowed away securely before departure.



Attention!

Any change in the distribution of the mass on Board (such as attaching a fishing mast, a radar or davits) can affect the stability, the trim and the characteristics of the vessel significantly.

The transverse stability is reduced by any elevated weight.

The transverse stability can be reduced by pulling or lifting heavy loads with the davit. Breaking waves represent a significant threat to stability.



Attention!

The ladder or emergency ladder is intended as a means of rescue for man over Board accidents.



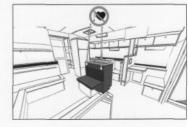






Warning:

Seat pads are held in place by powerful magnets: danger for patients with pacemakers!



Sailing vacht "Bavaria Vision 46 Bavaria Yachtbau GmbH Declaração de Conformidade da Embarcação de Recreio com os requisitos de Concepção, Construção e Emissão Sonora da Directiva 94/25/EC e das suas emendas consagradas na Directiva 2003/44/EC, transposta através do Dec-Lei nº 168/2005 Nome do construtor da embarcação: Bavaria Yachtbau GmbH Endereco: Bavariastr.1 Localidade: Giebelstadt Código Postal: 97232 País: DE Nome do Representante Autorizado (quando aplicável): Endereco: Localidade: Código Postal: País: Nome do Organismo Notificado para avaliação do projecto e construção (quando aplicável): Germanischer Lloyd SE Endereço: Brooktorkai 18 Localidade: Hamburg Código Postal: 20457 País: DE Número ID: 0098 Número do Certificado de exame CE do tipo: 92125:92125/1 Data: (ano/mês/dia) 2012 / 02 /17 Nome do Organismo Notificado para avaliação do nível de emissão sonora (quando aplicável): Endereço: Localidade: Código Postal: País: Número ID: $\square A \square Aa \square B+C \square B+D \square B+E \square B+F \square G \square H$ Módulo utilizado para avaliação da construção: ⊠A □Aa □G □H Módulo utilizado para avaliação do nível de emissão sonora : Outras directivas comunitárias aplicáveis: DESCRIÇÃO DA EMBARCAÇÃO B A V D 4 6 C 2 G 2 1 3 Número de Identificação da Embarcação Model: Vision 46 Nome comercial: Bayaria Tipo de embarcação: Meio de propulsão principal: ⊠à vela ☐a motor ⊠vela. motor a gasolina insuflável motor a gasóleo ☐motor eléctrico Outro (especificar): Premos Tipo de casco: Outro (especificar): ⊠ monocasco - multicasco Outro (especificar): Tipo de motor: Material de construção: □fora-de-borda Minterior. □alumínio, ligas de alumínio □plástico, plástico reforç. com fibras □outro (especificar): □aco, ligas de aco madeira Doutro (especificar): Convés ⊠comido . purcial Categoria de concepção máxima: A 🛛 B 🗌 C 🔲 D 🔲 Paberto Potência do motor: Máx. Recomendada: 55 kW, Doutro (especificar): Comprimento do casco La: 13,70 m Boca do casco Ba: 4,19 m Calado T: 1,70/214 m Kat. B: 2,21/1,76 Esta Declaração de Conformidade é emitida sob exclusiva responsabilidade do construtor. Declaro em nome do construtor da embarcação que a embarcação referida acima cumpre todos os requisitos essenciais aplicáveis do modo descrito (e está em conformidade com o tipo em relação ao qual foi emitido o certificado de exame CE do tipo) - apagar o texto entre parêntesis se não tiver sido emitido qualquer certificado de exame CE do tipo. Nome e função: J. Ludmann (Manager) (identificação da pessoa com poderes para assinar em nome do (ou carimbo equivalente) construtor ou do seu representante autorizado) Data e local de emissão: (ano/mês/dia) Giebelstadt, 2012/07/09

Requisitos essenciais				
(referência a artigos relevantes dos		up 1/2	25	
Anexos IA & IC da Directiva – Portaria nº)	Normas	Outros documentos normativos/métodos	Documentação técnica	
Requisitos Gerais (2)	N	0 6	0	EN ISO 8666:2002
Número de Identificação da Embarcação - NIE (2.1)				EN ISO 10087:2006
Chapa do construtor (2.2)				EN ISO 14945:2004
Protecção contra quedas à água e meios de reembarque (2.3)	×	H	H	EN ISO 15085:2003
Manual de instruções (2.5)		H	H	EN ISO 10240:2004
Requisitos estruturais e de integridade (3)			-	E11100 10E10.2001
Estrutura (3.1)			0	EN ISO 12215-1:2000; EN ISO 12215 Tell 2- 4:2002 EN ISO 12215 Tell 5+6:2008
Estabilidade e bordo livre (3.2)				EN ISO 12217 - 2:2002
Flutuabilidade (3.3)				EN ISO 12217 - 2:2002
Aberturas no casco, convés e superstrutura (3.4)				EN ISO 12216:2002 EN ISO 9093 - 1:1997
Alagamento (3.5)				EN ISO 11812:2001 EN ISO 8849:2003 EN ISO15083:2003
Carga máxima recomendada pelo construtor (3.6)				EN ISO 14946:2001 / AC:2005
Localização do salva-vidas (3.7)		\boxtimes		Annex I 94/25EG-03/44EG
Fundelo, amarração e reboque (3.9)				EN ISO 15084:2003
Comportamento funcional (4)				EN ISO 8665:2006
Motores e respectivo compartimento (5.1)				EN ISO 16147:2002
Motor interior (5,1.1)				EN ISO 9094-1:2003 EN ISO 7840:2004 EN ISO 10088:2001 EN ISO 10133:2000
Ventilação (5.1.2)	\boxtimes			EN ISO 11105: 1997
Sistema de combustível (5.2)				
Geral – sistéma de combustivel (5.2.1)				EN ISO 10088:2001 EN ISO 7840:2004 EN ISO 9094-1:2003
Tanques de combustivel (5.2.2)				EN ISO 10088:2001 EN ISO 7840:2004 EN ISO 9094-1:2003
Sistemas eléctricos (5.3)				EN ISO 10133:2000 EN ISO 13297:2000
Sistemas de governo (5.4)		10000		214100 10201.2000
Geral – sistema de governo (5.4.1)				EN ISO 13929: 2001 EN ISO 8847:2004 / AC:2005
Arranjos de emergência (5.4.2)				
Sistemas de gás (5.5)				EN ISO 10239: 2008
Protecção contra incêndio (5.6)				
Geral – protecção contra incêndio (5.6.1)				EN ISO 9094-1:2003 EN ISO 12216:2002
Equipamento de combate a incêndio (5.6.2)				EN ISO 9094-1:2003
Luzes de navegação (5.7)			\boxtimes	COLREG/CEVNI
Prevenção da poluição (5.8)				EN ISO 8099: 2000
Anexo I.B – Emissões de gases de escape				idade do fabricante do motor
Anexo I.C – Emissões sonoras	Ver a Declaração de Conformidade do fabricante do motor			idade do fabricante do motor



EC Type Examination Certificate

on examination subject to the Directive for Recreational Craft (94/25/EC), amended by 2003/44/EC, as per June 2003

Record-No.:

92125

Manufacturer:

Bavaria Yachtbau GmbH

Bavariastraße 1

Manufacturer's marking:

97232 Giebelstadt

CIN-No.

Vision 46

DE-BAV D46A1 A 2 12

Description:

Salling Yacht, LH = 13.70 m, BH = 4.19 m,

Tatop and = 2,14 m Tatator keel = 1,70 m

Boat design category:

A - "Ocean"

Module:

B - "EC type-examination", Annex VII of the Directive

Basis of examination:

EN ISO 10087, EN ISO 14945, EN ISO 15085, EN ISO 10240, EN ISO 12215, EN ISO 12217-2, EN ISO 12216, EN ISO 9093, EN ISO 11812, EN ISO 15083, EN ISO 14946, EN ISO 9094-1, EN ISO 15084, EN ISO 10088, EN ISO 10133, EN ISO 13297, EN ISO 8847, EN ISO 10239 and EN

8099 CSI

Number of persons recommended:

10 14766 (Deep keel), 15073 (Shallow keel)

Loaded displacement mass (mLDC), kg: Maximum load (mMTL), kg:

3283

Maximum rated engine power, kW:

Results of examination:

The product described above meets the essential safety requirements of Directive 94/25/EC, amended by 2003/44/EC, Annex I

A.2.1 Craft identification (CIN) - A.5.8 Discharge Prevention.

Other documentation:

Examination reports Nos. 1/29 to 29/29 including pertinent design documents according to the annex of this certificate.

Hamburg, 2012-02-17

Germanischer Lloyd EU-Certification for Recreational Craft

Code-No. 0098

Head of Certification Body

(Dink Brugge)

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German scher Loyd SE P.O.B. 11 16 66, 20416 Humburg, Germany



EC Type Examination Certificate

on examination subject to the Directive for Recreational Craft (94/25/EC), amended by 2003/44/EC. as per June 2003

Record No.:

92125/1

Manufacturer

Bavaria Yachtbau GmbH

Bavariastraße 1

Manufacturer's marking:

97232 Giebelstadt

CIN-No

Vision 46

DE-BAV D48A1 A 2 12

Description:

Saling Yacht, L. = 13,70 m, Be = 4,19 m,

Teur w = 2.21 m Tehnica and = 1.76 m

Boat design category:

B - "Offshore"

Module:

B - .EC type-examination*, Annex VII of the Directive

Basis of examination:

EN ISO 10067, EN ISO 14945, EN ISO 15085, EN ISO 10240, EN ISO 12215. EN ISO 12217-2. EN ISO 12216. EN ISO 9093. EN ISO 11812. EN ISO 15083, EN ISO 14946, EN ISO 9094-1, EN ISO 15084, EN ISO 10088. EN ISO 10133. EN ISO 13297, EN ISO 8847, EN ISO 10239 and EN

ISO 8099

Number of persons recommended:

15216 (Deep keel), 15523 (Shallow keel)

Loaded displacement mass (mLDC), kg: Maximum load (mMTL), kg:

3732 55

Maximum rated engine power, kW:

Results of examination:

The product described above mosts the essential safety requirements of Directive 94/25/EC, amended by 2003/44/EC, Annex I

A.2.1 Craft Identification (CIN) - A.5.8 Discharge Prevention.

Other documentation

Examination reports Nos. 1/29 to 29/29 including pertinent design documents according to the annex of this certificate.

Hamburg, 2012-02-17 Germanischer Lloyd

EU-Certification for Recreational Craft

Code-No. 0098

Head of Certification Body

Wirk Brugge

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Germanischer Lloyd SE, P.O.B. 11 16 06, 20415 Hamburg, Germany

VOLVO PENTA

Declaration of Conformity for Recreational Craft Propulsion Engines with the exhaust emission requirements of Directive 94/25/EC as amended by 2003/44/EC

N7

Engine manufacturer:

AB Volvo Penta Gropegårdsgatan 405 08 Göteborg Sweden

Engine Type

Body for exhaust emission assessment:

NKIP Nipkowweg 9 Postbus 65 8500AB Journ Netherlands ID Number: 0613

Module used for exhaust emission assessment Other Community Directives applied ..

B, EC Type Examination acc to Annex VII EMC 89/336/EEC

Description of engine(s) and essential requirements

4 stroke diesel engine

Engine model(s) covered by this declaration EC Type certificate number

D2-55. CE-RCD-542 D2-75 ... CE-RCD-543

Essential requirements	Standards Used	Other normative document used	
Annex LB - Exhaust Emissions			
Engine identification	Volvo Penta std	Annex 1.B.1	
Exhaust emission requirements	EN ISO 8178-1:1996	Annex 1.B.2	
Durability	Volvo Penta std	Annex 1.B.3	
Operator's manual	ISO 10240:2004	Annex 1.B.4	
EMC Directive	EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, CISPR 25		

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. I declare on behalf of the engine manufacturer that the angina(s) will meet the requirements of above mentioned directives when installed in a recreational craft, in accordance with the engine manufacturer's supplied instructions and that this (these) engine(s) must not be put into service until the recreational craft into which it is (they are) to be installed has been declared in conformity with the relevant provisions of the above mentioned Directives.

Name and function: Sam Behrmann, Product Liability (identification of the person empowered to sign on behalf of the engine manufacturer or his authorised representative) Signature and title:

(or an equivalent marking)

Date and place of issue: (yr/month/day) 2005/12/16 Göteborg

PL-81/05

Segelyacht Vision 46

Bavaria Yachtbau GmbH

L_H=13,70 m

B....=4.19 m

1.Descripton of the yacht

1.1 Main particulars

Length overall

Length on waterline

1.1.1 Principal dimensions L_{OA}=13,99 m Length of hull

Draught - normal keel D_{max} abt 2.14 m Draught - lead keel D_{max} abt 1.70 m

Breadth max.

Headroom ** H_D abt 20,20 m

Headroom (for transport) H_T abt 4,10 m (dismantled keel weight)

Lw=12.83 m

1.1.2 Displacement and weights

Weight of the empty yacht -incl. safety equipment 11484 kg
Weight of the fully equipped yacht Cat A: normal keel 14766 kg
Weight of the fully equipped yacht Cat A: lead keel 15073 kg

 Ballast
 normal keel
 3441 kg

 Ballast
 lead keel
 3740 kg

1.1.3 Motorisation

Diesel engine:

Manufacturer Volvo; Type D 2-75, Output 55 kW or D2-55, Output 41 kW

Cooling indirect (sea-/fresh-water)

Reverse-reduction gear Sail drive 130 S reduction ratio 2.19:1

Propeller 3-bladed fixed propeller made from an aluminium alloy (option: folded propeller)

1.1.4 Electrical installation

230 V/110 V (option) AC-installation

Shore connection safety contact plug box (meeting the CEE-norm) 230 V

Battery charger 115 V/230 V AC / 12 V DC with 27 A max. current (option)

12 V DC-system

1 x starter battery 12 V 88 Ah 1 x service battery (option 2 x) 12 V 140 Ah

Motor generator (alternator) battery charger

The distribution is effected via switchboard, electric circuits with electronic protective switches and LED.

1.1.5 Tank capacities (option)
1 fresh water tank abt. 290 | Tank port salon

1 fresh water tank abt. 290 1 Tank stb. salon

1 fuel tank abt 210 l The tank is below the stb. aft bunk

1 holding tank I abt 701

1 holding tank II abt 70 l

1 gas cylinder (option) 3 kg or 5 kg

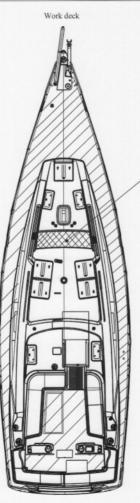
1.1.6 Fixing points for cranes, resting-points for slipping and transport



Attention!

The rear belt will be placed in the area of the sail drive. The rear belt should be placed between shaft and keel, the front belt in front of the keel.

Attention "Not a work deck" Slippery!



1.2 General arrangement plan

1.2.1 Rigging plan

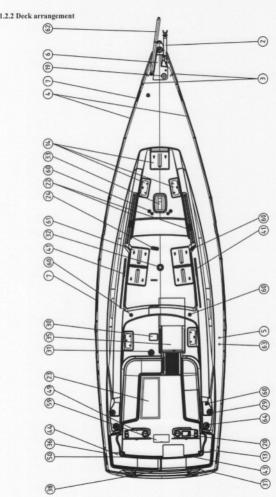




Note

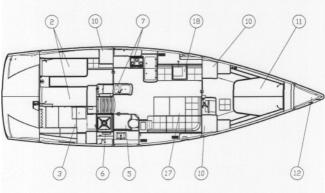
The valid measurement of the foresail reefing gear is on the instruction leaflet at the carton of the Furlex-foresail reefing gear.

	Normal keel	lead keel
STIX	41,21	40,77
Angle of vanishing (degree)	121,1°	120,6°



2	Bugbeschlag	Bow fitting	
3	Bugkorb	Bow pulpit	
4	Relingsdurchzüge	Guard lines	
5	Wassereinfüllstutzen	Water inlet	
6	Ankerkasten	Anchor chain bail	
7	Belegklampe	Mooring cleat	
13	Dieseleinfüllstutzen	Fuel inlet	
14	Vorschiffsluke	Op. hatch	
19	Ankerwinde	Windlass	
20	Kartenplotter	Chart plotter	
22	Genuaschiene	Genoa track	
23	Cockpittisch	Cockpit table	
4	Decksorganizer	Decksorganizer	
29	Genuawinde	Genoa winch	
30	Stopper	Stopper	
31	Fallwinde	Halyard winch	
32	Decklüfter	Ventilator	
3	Kabeldurchführung	Cable penetration	
55	Niedergangstür	Companion way	
66	Heckkorb backbord	Aft port push pit	
37	Heckkorb steuerbord	Aft starboard push pit	
88	Achterstagpütting	Backstay chain plate	
1	Handreling	Hand hold	
13	Handlenzpumpe	Hand operated bilge pump	
14	Landanschluss 230 V	Shore socket 230 V	
19	Steuerrad	Steering wheel	
50	Cockpitdusche	Shower (Cockpit)	
59	Ruderlager	Rowing box	
60	Umlenkblock	Turning block	
1	Decksluke	Hatch	
52	Gennakerbaum (Option)	Spinnaker pole (optional)	
3	Auslass Fäkalientank	Sea valve waste tank	
64	Großschotwinde	Large bulkhead winches	

1.2.3 Accomodation plan



2	Bett	Bed
3	Stauraum (Backskiste)	Hold (locker)
5	WC	WC
6	Duschraum	Shower room
7	Küche	Kitchen
10	Schrank	Hanging locker
11	Doppelbett	Double bed
12	Ankerkasten	Chain locker
17	Sitzgruppe	Seating
18	Navigationssitz	Navigation seat

1.3 Drive systems

Main sail standard

Main sail (fully battaned)

1.3.1 Sails

The Bavaria Vision 46 is equipped with following standard sails:

ca. 55 m²

aa 55 m²

Genoa 106 %		ca. 50 m ²			
Asymetric spin	naker	ca. 148 m ²			
X7:-: 46	n	1	T	T	

Vision 46	P	E	I	J
Alu Mast	18520 mm	6170 mm	19500 mm	6100 mm

1.3.2 Rigging

Mast: - LM- Profile, without taper; - 18 deg. double spreaders, angular; - 2 halyards, topping- and boom lifts - tipping line and fittings.

Boom: - LM-Profile; - clew outhaul; - 2 reefing lines; - eye for mainsheet; - eye for tipping line.

Standing rigging: (made of 1x19–lace, material 4401), consisting of:

Forestay with overlength (headsail reef system)	1x	Intermediate shroud	2x
Backstay	1x	Lower shroud	2x
Permanent backstay tackle + crow's foot	1x	Upper shroud	2x

Running Rigging

Inside the mast:

- Main halyard
- Genoa halyard
- Boom lift

Option Asymmetric spinnaker equipment:

Asymmetric spinnaker halyard (attached)

In boom drawn in: 2 reefing lines and 1 clew outhaul

Additionally we draw your attention to the enclosed trim instructions of the manufacturer.



Attention

Before you start a sailing turn:

Check all wires, ropes and lines, rigging screws and splints.

The latter should be secured with tape or by bending them. Exchange damaged or

deformed bolts.

1.3.3 Motorising, engine room, gear, and propeller

This yacht is equipped with a inboard diesel engine with a sail-drive gear and a fixed propeller (option: folded propeller).

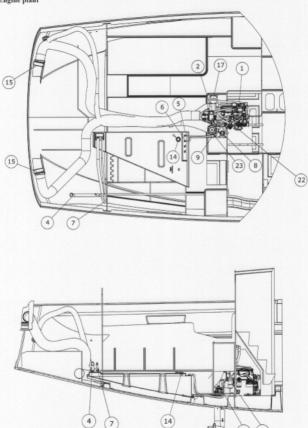
The engine room is separated from living quarters by plywood-bulkheads covered with sound-insulating

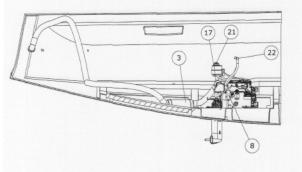
material. An access is possible through:
- a shutter below the companion way,

- detachable bulkhead in the aft cabin beside the engine room

Cooling-water supply to the engine is realised via the sail drive-gear (extra drain with shaft).

Engine plant





1	Motor Volvo	Motor Volvo
2	Motorabgassystem	Engine exhaust system
3	Abgaswassersammler	Exhaust water lock
4	Kraftstoffeinfüllstutzen	Fuel tank filling hose
5	Kraftstoffzuleitung	Engine fuel intake
6	Kraftstoffrückführung	Feedback fuel
7	Tankentlüftung	Fuel tank ventilator
8	Kraftstofffilter	Fuel filter
9	Kraftstoffkugelhahn	Fuel cock
10	Lüftungen	Ventilation
14	Kraftstofftankfüllanzeige	Fuel gauge
15	Belüftungsrost Motorraum (Stb/Bb)	Ventilation fitting (stb/port)
17	Wasserfilter / Seeventil Motor	Water filter
21	Kühlflüssigkeit: Ausgleichsbehälter	Coolant expansion tank
22	Vacuumventil Motor	Vacuum vent
23	Lüfter Motorraum	Ventilator engine room



2. Installations and circuits

2.1 Tanks and piping – water

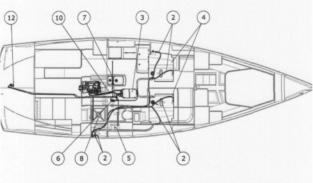
2.1.1 Fresh water, drinking water -cold

The yacht has a water tank with a capacity of about 140 l and an additional water tank with a capacity of 150 l in the bow area. Fresh water is supplied under cockpit floor plate on the port side and on the foredeck sail storage space. The deck plate is provided with a cap. Water is supplied via a hose connection leading to the pressure water-pump.

This pump, realising the complete cold water circulation, is fitted in the head. An interruption of the operation of the pressure pump is done by cutting off all ducts. All pipes/hoses should be checked for leaks if the pump continues working after all ducts were cut off properly.

The pump is protected by a filter which should be regularly checked and cleaned if necessary.

Components:



2	Tankentlüftung / Einfüllstutzen	Tank ventilation / Water intake
3	Boiler	Water heater
4	Frischwassertank	Fresh water tank
5	Waschbecken	Basin
6	Frischwasserpumpe	Fresh water pump
7	Spüle	Sink
8	Dusche	Shower
10	Motoranschluss	Engine connection
12	Cockpitdusche	Cockpit shower



Note

Exchange the water in tank from time to time. Additionally you should use common purifiers.

2.1.2 Sea-water circulation

Sea-water is necessary for both WC flushing and engine cooling (see: 2.9).

2.1.3 WC -installation: see enclosed directions for use

See enclosed manual

Each toilet of the yacht possesses of a built-in holding tank with a capacity of about 70 litres. The tanks are in the toilet rooms with fitted and have a sea cocks to empty the tank on the open sea and a nozzle to the pump in the harbour.



Attention

If you are not aboard you should close all sea-valves.



Regard!

- Do not empty toilets or holding tanks near the coast or in any protected area
 - Use pump down mechanism in ports and marinas
 Follow the local regulations.
 - Follow the instructions for use of the toilet.
- Close sea cocks after use.

The system is not resistant to aggressive acids and alkalis.

- · open sea cocks before emptying the holding tanks
- · Close WC and discharge valves after use.



Note!

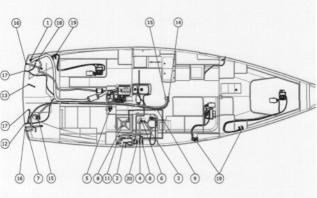
In areas where it is prescribed that no faeces may reach into the water, the skipper has the possibility to close the valve with simple clips which cannot be opened by hand. He must brief all crew members that the valve must be closed. Familiarize yourself with the operation and maintenance of the system familiar.

Please refer the position of the sea cocks to the system drawing (2.12) in this manual.

Suction of the tanks: First open ports on deck and then mount suction on the landside

Regard: Check the vent pipe before vacuuming the sewage tanks.

Components: waste-water system



1	Auslass Motor	Outlet engine
2	Fäkalientankentlüftung	Waste water tank ventilation
3	Ansaugung Toilettenspülung	Suction toilet flushing
4	Ausgang Waschbecken	Wash basin drain
5	Auslass Niedergangsrumpf	Companionway drain
6	Ausgang Fäkalientank	Waste water drain
7	Auslass Handlenzpumpe	Hand operated bilge pump drain
8	Ausgang elektrische Duschpumpe	Electric shower drain pump valve
9	Elektrische Duschpumpe	Electric shower drain pump
10	Ausgang Spüle	Sink drain pump
11	Decksabsaugung	Deck exhaust
12	Auslass Lenzpumpe	Bilge pump drain
13	Auslass Gaskasten	LPG box drain
14	Elektrische Lenzpumpe	Electric bilge pump
15	Handlenzpumpe	Hand operated bilge pump
16	Lenzung Cockpit	Cockpit drain
17	Lenzung Backskiste	Locker drain
18	Auslass Generator	Generator drain
19	Auslass Klimaanlagen	Air condition drain
20	Auslass Geschirrspüler (Option)	Disher drain (option)

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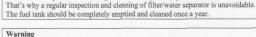
A 380 l plastic diesel tank is installed below the aft berths on starboard-side. It is filled via a fuel inlet with a chrome cover (marked with DIESEL) under the cockpit floor plate on the port side of the yacht. Supply line: fire-proof fuel hose according to ISO 7840. The vent line is led to above deck.

The engine is supplied via a suction pipe from the upper edge of the tank. Due to the short distance a fire proof fuel pipe is used throughout. This is led via a wide-meshed filter/ water separator, fuel pump and

2.2 Tanks and pipes - fuel Storage tank

Supply of the engine

fine filter to the engine and then back to the tank. Attention A trouble free operation of the engine and heating is only possible, if the fuel is clean.





Switch off the engine, heating and stove! Do not smoke or use open lights!

When refilling the tank:

2.3 Steering gear

2.3.1 Description of the system

The rudder is a suspended, balanced mid ship rudder (profiled rudder). It is operated by hand from the steering wheel at the steering position in the cockpit. Transmission of power is realised by means of chain control to the rudder quadrant. With the autopilot (option) there is an electric motor installed.

2.3.2 Rudder blade and rudder bearings

The rudder blade is a profiled one. It consists of a FRP-body. The rudder post is made of sea-water resistant stainless steel (V4A) and is laminated into the blade. The post runs in two easy-going special rudder bearings. The rudder is fixed by a clamping nut at the upper end of the post. The emergency tiller is placed on top of the square-end of the post



Attention

Check regularly and repair if necessary: Tight hold of the clamping nut on the rudder

The rudder bearings used by BAVARIA YACHTBAU are self-setting bearings. Since rudder bearings are subject to wear and tear they should be inspected and maintained regularly.

Emergency tiller

The emergency tiller is stored in the starboard locker seat.

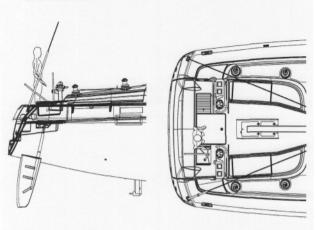
In case of failure of the steering gear remove the steering wheel, the rudder quadrant for rudder bar and/or the quadrant for the auto pilot (option). Moreover the rudder head-cover has to be removed and the emergency tiller to be mounted and secured.



Attention Please ensure a suitable bearing lubrication of the necessary parts of the rudder installation with water-proof lubricants (or Teflon). Bearing clearance has to be avoided

and can be adjusted at the top bearing. The post must have no clearance but should not need heavy movements. Segelyacht Vision 46 Bavaria Yachtbau GmbH

The brake at the steering wheel can be drawn by turning a screw home. Make always sure that this brake is not tight especially when sailing with the auto pilot. This would mean an overload for the electric mater.



2.4. Bilge pumps, bilge pipes lines

The chain locker is made watertight. It is self-bailing through two holes in the skin.

All BAVARIA yachts have got a self-bailing cockpit, too. Water in the cockpit is led outboard through
the aft trim to the outlet in the transom

2.4.1 Description of the pumping arrangement

At BAVARIA Yachts the cockpit is self bailing. Furthermore there is the possibility of bailing water from the yacht's interior. Both strainers are in the Bilge in the deepest place in the saloon. Floor timbers in the saloon are connected by drillings, so that in case of possible ingress of water both pumps can be used. The bail lines are shifted by means of hose aft to the transom (outlet).

The water outlet for the self-bailing cockpit is in the transom.

The anchor box has bilge openings on both sides, covered with a screen. In addition your yacht is equipped with a manual bilge pump as well as an electrical bilge pump (capacity 33 l/min.).

When using the manual bilge pump the pump lever is to be pulled out. Bailing is effected by pumping movements.

The electrical bilge pump is started by pressing the symbolically marked switch at the panel. – Before doing so turn on the main switch in any case –

We recommend using the electrical bilge pump only with the machine running; the full capacity of the electrical bilge pump will be reached then.

A draw bucket is an ideal means for bailing out water. It should always be ready in a cockpit seat locker.

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Attention

Close all sea valves if you leave your yacht. Valves being not clearly visible, like e.g. in the toilet room, should only be opened before use and closed afterwards



Warning

In a serious situation, e.g. in case of a heavy inrush of water as a consequence of a collision, the pumping capacity might not be sufficient. Take measures for damage control with collision mats or other suitable means.



Note:

Bilge Pumps & Strainers have to be serviced and cleaned regularly.

Bilge water should be kept to a minimum.



Note

How to determine whether ball valves are closed or open:

CLOSED: Lever in transverse direction to hose or pipe.

OPEN: Lever in line with hose or pipe.

Maintenance Note

The tightness of board ducts is to be inspected regularly. Check and retighten all hose clips and gland nuts of valves if necessary.

Leakage-pot

For the case of a damage of a seacock or an on-board passage we recommend to carry on the yacht leakage potting from soft wood, whose diameter is co-ordinated with the different sizes of the on-board passages and can with those each opening be locked surely



Note

How to determine whether ball valves are closed or open:

CLOSED: Lever in transverse direction to hose or pipe.

OPEN: Lever in line with hose or pipe.

Maintenance Note The tightness of board ducts is to be inspected regularly. Check and retighten all hose clips and gland nuts of valves if necessary.

Components of the bilge pumping installation; see drawing 2.1.3

2.5.1 The AC-installation (230 Volt) (option)

The yacht has got a shore connection (option) by which it can be supplied with electric power from ashore when being berthed in a port. The plug box (meeting the CEE-norm) is installed at the engine panel at the starboard side. The power is supplied into a shore connection unit, placed under the chartable.

2.5.2 The DC-board net (12 Volt) All electric devices aboard are supplied with the 12 V DC. A main-switch is installed in the electric panel under the chart table. Power distribution is effected by a switchboard above the chart table. The lettering next to each switch refers to the corresponding consumer-group.

You can find all the switches for the 12 V consumers at the switchboard. By this you can operate different consumer-groups, being marked with logos or lettering, separately. Some of the switches are designed for an installation of additional electric devices. The motor vehicle flatconnectors are arranged on the back of the panel.

2.5.3 Operating the installation and specific features (option)

The combination of an AC- with a DC installation offers a clearly higher comfort but requires some special knowledge.



- Make sure that your standardized CEE plug is compatible with the phases of the land plug socket.
- Control and renew regularly the wear condition of the underwater anode of the potential equalization.

Charging the batteries

All batteries are maintenance-poor and drain-protected. They are charged via a buffer diode by the motor-generator. Charging the starter battery always takes priority to ensure a safe start of the engine.

AC-consumers

The earthed safety socket at the electric panel (option) is designed for electric tools to be used for small repair work ashore. Further power sockets (option) are in the toilet areas, the pantry and at the water heater.

DC-consumers

The essential consumers are:

- navigation lights
- engine displays
- VHF-radio wiring (option)
- devices for comfort
 - bilge pumps
- tank display
- electronic devices

Navigation lights have absolute priority. In case of a lack of capacity first all other consumers have to be switched off. By a stand-by operation of the engine, even when under sail, the batteries can be brought up rather quickly. After a while you can switch on the other consumers again.

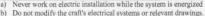
2.5.4 Important warnings on the DC-installation (12 Volt)



Never

- a) work on electric installation while the system is energized
 b) modify the craft's electrical system or relevant drawings: installation,
- alterations and maintenance should be performed by a competent marine electrical technician.
- alter or modify the rated current amperage of overcurrent protective devices;
- d) install or replace electrical appliances or devices with components exceeding the rated current amperage of the circuit;
- leave the craft unattended with the electrical system energized, except automatic bilge-pump, fire protection and alarm circuits.

2.5.5 Important warnings on the AC-installation (230 Volt / 115 Volt) (option)

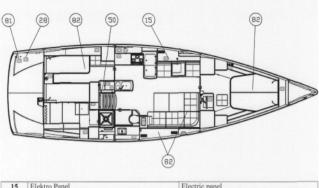


- b) Do not modify the craft's electrical systems or relevant crawings. Installation, alterations and maintenance should be performed by a competent marine electrical technician. Inspect the system at least biennially.
- c) Disconnect shore-power connections when the system is not in use and while working at the electrical system.
- d) Connect metallic housings or enclosures of installed electrical appliances to the protective conductor system in the craft (green or green with a yellow stripe conductor).
- e) Use double insulated or grounded (earthed) electrical appliances.
- WARNING: Do not allow the shore-power cable end to hang in the water.
 An electrical field can be caused which can cause injury or death to nearby swimmers.
 - g) WARNING: To minimize shock and fire hazards:
 - Turn off craft's shore-power connection switch before connecting or disconnecting shore-power cable.
 - Connect shore-power cable to craft's inlet before connecting to shorepower source.
 - Close shore-power inlet cover tightly.
 - Do not alter shore-power cable connectors, use only compatible



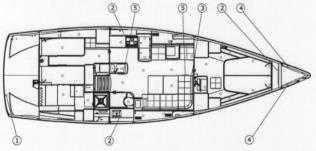
2.5.6 Distribution of electric devices

230 Volt



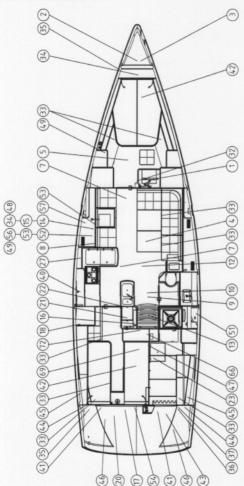
13	Elektro Fanci	Electric panel	
28	Landanschluss 230 V	Shore socket 230 V	
50	Generator	Generator	
81	Landanschluss Klimaanlage 230 V	Shore socket air condition 230 V	
82	Klimaanlage	Air conditioning	

Licht-/ Navigationsbeleuchtung:



1	Hecklaterne	Stern light	
2	Diodenlicht	LED-light	
3	Topplicht (Mast)	Top light (mast)	
4	Buglaterne	Bow light	
5	Neon Licht	Neon-light	

Distribution of electric devices 12 Volt:



Distribution of electric devices 12 Volt:

_		
2	Elektr. Ankerwinde	Windlass
3	Bedienteil Ankerwinde / Steckdose	Windlass switch / connection
4	Frischwassertankgeber	Fresh water gauge
5	Echolot / Sumlog Geber	Through-hull depth sounder / Speedometer
7	Verbraucherbatterie	Board battery
8	Hauptschalter Verbraucher/ Bugstrahlruder (Option)	Main switch board/ bow thruster (option)
9	Wasserpumpe	Fresh water pump
10	Duschpumpe	Shower drain pump
12	Elektr. Lenzpumpe	Bilge pump
13	Batterien (Motor 88 Ah;)	Batteries group (engine battery 88 Ah)
14	Batterieladegerät	Battery charger
15	Elektropaneel 301 / 302	Electric panel 301 / 302
16	Hauptschalter (Motor);	Main switch (engine; generator)
17	Kurscomputer Autopilot (Option)	Computer autopilot (option)
18	Kompass Autopilot (Option)	Compass autopilot (option)
20	Motor Autopilot (Option)	Motor autopilot (option)
21	Anlasser Motor	Engine starter
22	Gleichrichter	Rectifier
23	Dieseltankgeber	Fuel gauge
27	Kühlaggregat / Gefrierschrank (Option)	Ice box
32	Kabeldurchführung Mastlicht	Mast light cable penetration
33	Lautsprecher (Option)	Speaker (option)
34	Radio (Option)	Radio (option)
35	Antennenkabel Radio (Option)	Radio antenna (option)
36	Motorpanel	Engine panel
37	Tankuhr	Fuel gauge
40	Autopilot 6001 Bedienteil (Option)	Autopilot 6001 panel (option)
41	Kompass	Compass
42	Bugstrahlrudermotor (Option)	Bow thruster motor (option)
43	Steuerung Bedienteil Bugstrahlruder (Option)	Control bow thruster motor (option)
44	Elektr. Genuawinsch Bedienteil (Option)	Genoa winch control panel (option)
45	Elektr. Genuawinsch Motor (Option)	Genoa winch motor (option)
46	Heizung (Option)	Heating system (option)
47	Dieselpumpe Heizung (Option)	Air heater- diesel pump (option)
48	Thermostat Heizung (Option)	Air heater thermostat (option)
49	Fühler Heizung (Option)	Air heater gauge (option)
51	Fäkalientankgeber	Waste water gauge
52	Sicherung	Board fuse
53	Kartenplotter (Option)	Chart plotter (option)
54	GPS Antenne (Option)	GPS antenna (option)
56	Sicherung Ladegerät	Charger fuse
57	Relais Ankerwinde	Relay windlass
66	Lüfter Motor	Engine vent
69	Erdungsanode	Anode
72	Masse Motorblock	Earth engine

2.5.7 Wiring plans

2.5.8 Distribution plans

2.5.9 AC-distribution

See provided e-documentation

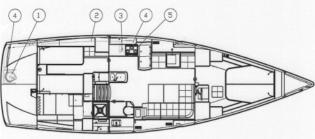
2.6 L.P.G. installation

The gas installation for the stove meets the European norm EN 10239. Attached please find the testcertificate.

The gas pipe leading to the stove from the standard 3 kg-gas cylinder is an 8mm copper pipe. It is placed into a self-bailing casing moulded into the deck in the rear cockpit area. All gas pipes have been installed according to the German safety regulations. The best-by date for the soft connection hoses between the gas cylinder and the copper pipe and between copper pipe and stove is printed onto the hoses. They have to be replaced after the expiry date.

The reducing valve in the gas cylinder casing has a service pressure of 30 mbar. The flow rate is 1 kg/h.

2.6.1 The components



1	Gasflasche mit Reduzierventil	Gas tank with valve
2	Kupfer Rohr	Copper tube
3	Gaskugelhahn	Gas stop valve
4	Gummischlauch	Rubber hose
5	Kocher mit Backofen (Option)	Gas stove with oven (option)

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2.6.2 Operation

Gas installations require care. That's why you should follow this sequence:



Attention Open the stop valve in the gas cylinder casing

- Open the valve in front of the stove
- · Open a stove valve and lighten the gas
- · Keep the valve open until the glow timer allows further burning.



Attention

For finishing follow the same (above mentioned) sequence from the valve in the gas cylinder casing to the stove valve to allow all gas in the piping to escape and burn.



Attention:

- Do not use liquids containing ammonia for checking the pipe.
- Never use an open light to search for leaks.
- Never handle with open light and do not smoke if you look for leakage or if you connect a new gas cylinder.

GAS SYSTEM:

Working pressure 30 mbar

GASANLAGE:

Betriebsdruck 30 mbar

ATTENTION!

Gas shut-off valve in locker

ACHTUNG!

Gasabstellhahn im Schrank!

And here is some more advice on how to prevent difficulties with the gas installation:

- Close all gas valves if the stove is not in use. In a case of emergency you should close the valves immediately.
- The stove valves have to be closed before the gas cylinder valve is opened.
- Check the L.P.G. installation for possible leakages regularly. Check all connections with soap suds or the like (for doing so the stove valves have to be closed - all other valves of the installation have to be open).
- If you find any leakages close all valves and have the installation repaired by a specialist before further use.
- Since the flames consume oxygen a proper airing and de-aeration is necessary. Do not use the stove for heating the cabin.
- Valves of empty gas cylinders have to be closed and disconnected from the installation. Have the covers ready.
- Do not use the gas cylinder easing for storing other equipment.
- Never leave your yacht unattended if the stove is in use.
- Check the hose pipes at least once a year. Let these replace periodically.
- If you install a new stove make sure that is has got the same working pressure. Check the elements at least once a year. Let these periodically replace.



Open exhausts and hatches while using the stove. The stove must not be used as heating.

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2.7 Fire protection

When building the yacht special attention was paid to avoid the risks of fire. This includes the choice of materials, the distance of stove flames to the surrounding built-in furniture and an island position of the engine. The engine room has got a lining with fire resistant insulating material.

As the owner of the yacht you should keep this state and pay attention to the following advice:



Attention:

- Keep the bilge clean and check regularly if there is a smell of fuels or gas.
 - Do not have any freely suspended curtains above or close to the stove or other devices with open fire.
 - Inflammable material must not be stored in the engine room. If you store noninflammable materials in the engine room make sure that they are protected
 - against falling into the engine installation or are in the way. Follow the national equipment requirements for fire-fighting equipment.

Furthermore you and your crew can support fire protection if you follow the following advice:



Never

Obstruct any exits or hatches.

Alter safety installations like fuel- and gas valves and electric switches and the like. Leave the vacht unattended if the stove or the heating is in use.



Use gas lights in the vacht.

Fuel the tank or replace gas cylinders if the engine is running or if the stove or heating is used.

Smoke or use open lights while handling with fuel or gas.

The well-known sources of danger on board are

- the stove in the pantry and
- the engine room.
- If, despite all precautionary measures, a fire should break out aboard, there are three fire extinguishers a board which are fixed at the following places:
- Nr. 1: Powder extinguisher in the cockpit stowage space, minimum fire extinguishing capacity 13A/89B Nr. 2: Powder extinguisher under the chart table, minimum fire extinguishing capacity 13A/89B
- Nr. 3: Powder extinguisher in the locker in the pantry, minimum fire extinguishing capacity 10A/89B
- Additionally a light fire retarding cloth is provided, which is made of glass cloth and is very useful in the case of fire caused by overheated fat.

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It is the yacht owner's duty to have all fire extinguishers regularly checked and maintained.

to have fire extinguishers replaced after the expiry date. They also have to be replaced once they have been used. The new fire extinguishers must have at least the same extinguishing capacity as the replaced ones.

It is the yacht owner's or skipper's duty To make sure that all extinguishers are freely accessible

- to inform all persons on board about:
- the position and use of all fire extinguishers and the fire retarding cloth,
 - the position and function of the opening for the extinguisher's nozzle in the engine room
 - bulkhead.
 - the exit through the escape hatch above the fore-berths.



Caution

Regularly check the fire extinguishers! Train yourself in fire fighting!

Always observe seaman's duty of care!

2.8 Anchor-, towing- and warping facilities

The bower anchor (plough anchor), about 15 kg, hot-galvanised, (is known for its high holding power). It

lays ready-to-fall in the bow fitting. The chain has a length of 50 m and a nominal thickness of 8 mm. It is run out by an electric anchor windlass operated with a remote control. The remote control is placed in the sail storage space locker before use and its function is activated at the switch board.

You should always use a claw or anchor chain hook to relieve the anchor winch, which is then placed on the cleat. Furthermore it is recommendable to have a stern anchor (possibly swivel armature) as well as sufficient mooring- and towing lines with the necessary strength on board:

1 stern folding anchor (4-fluke grapnel anchor), 12 kg, hot-galvanised, fixed at the aft guard-rail. 6 m chain forerunner, thickness 7 mm, 34 m polyamide anchor rope, 18 mm, 3-strand hawser laid. It is stored in the port transom seat.

The rope is cleated aft.



Warning!

Always tow or be towed at a slow speed. Never exceed the hull speed of a displacement craft when being towed.



A tow line shall always be made fast in such a way that it can be released when under load. Attach the tow line to two pairs of bollards on the bow.



Warning!

It is the owner's/operators responsibility to ensure that mooring lines, towing lines, anchor chain(s), anchor lines and anchor(s) are adequate for the vessel's intended use, i.e. the lines or chains do not exceed 80 % of the breaking strength of the respective

Owners should also consider what action will be necessary when securing a tow line on board.

2.9 Engine cooling system

Engine cooling

The engine has got a two-circuit cooling system. Water enters through the sail drive, is led to the hea exchanger and then injected into the exhaust gas pipe. Together with the exhaust gas the cooling see water is exhausted via the silencer and the exhaust pipe at the stern. This guarantees a trouble-free engine operation. Moreover the engine noise is reduced.

All hose connections of the system a secured with double stainless steel clips.



Attentio

Check and clean the sea water filter in regular intervals, depending on the water quality.

Before starting the engine make sure that the cooling water inlet is open.

Have a short look into the engine room for possible leakage.

When the engine is running it is highly recommendable to check regularly if cooling water is escaping with the exhaust gas.

If the sea-cooling water cycle fails, the optical and acoustic warning responds. In this case: Turn the engine off immediately and examine cycle.

2.10 Exhaust gas system

The yacht is fitted with a "wet" exhaust gas system, i.e. cooling sea water is injected into the exhaust gas elbow causing a cooling of exhaust gases. This mixture is led down into a silencer/water lock, runs through a pipe in the locker seat on the starboard side of the aft cabin, is led upwards at the stern and escapes to the side above the water-line.

The exhaust gas hose consists of a synthetic rubber material with an integrated steal spiral. The hose is heat-resistant (for some time) and should be checked and replaced if necessary.

A constant flow of sea water has to be guaranteed. The hose is secured at its joints with two clips.

If there is an interruption of the sea water flow, the temperature sensor in the exhaust gas hose will release an optical and acoustic warning. In this event you should stop and switch off the engine immediately until



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the problem has been settled (see manual of the engine manufacturer).

A regular inspection if seawater comes out of the exhaust is urgently advisable.

2.11 Ventilation/Airing

We have taken the following measures for a proper ventilation of all rooms:

Chain locker Certain ventilation

Certain ventilation is realised through its bilge holes at the bottom.

Living cabins/ Salon and forward quarter One deck ventilator

Aft cabin

2 side lights showings to the cockpit

Components:

1 deck ventilator, 12 side lights, 17 folding hatches

2.12 Board ducts, sea water valves

Openings below the water line are possible weak spots. That is why we pay special attention to them.

All board ducts in the underwater part, with the exception of the duct for the transmitter of the echo sounder, consist of screwed joints with spherical sea valves and hose nipples. All hose connections are secured with two clips each.



Attention

Close all sea valves if you leave the yacht for a longer time. Valves being not clearly visible, like e.g. in the toilet room, should only be opened for use.



Maintenance note

The tightness of board ducts should be inspected regularly.

Check and retighten all hose clips and gland nuts of valves if necessary.



Note

How to determine whether ball valves are closed or open:

CLOSED: Lever in transverse direction to hose or pipe. OPEN: Lever in line with hose or pipe.



Attention

At Grounding:

Immediately check watertight integrity of the entire hull, first of all the areas of the ballast keel attachment and the rudders!

If you have a two-piece keel have the screw connection between the top and bottom keel checked immediately.

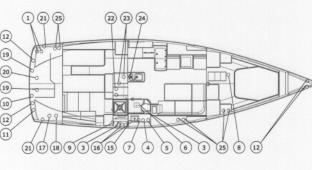
If wing keels experience one-sided load (through grounding or while parking ashore) also check all bolts!

Also check the condition of the fasteners and joints of the rig!

Check everything again after having returned to port.

When returning to port drive at reduced speed only and take the boat ashore to inspect the underwater area!

Board ducts:



1	Ausgang Auspuff	Exhaust drain
3	Ansaugung Toilettenspülung	Suction toilet flushing
4	Ausgang Waschbecken	Wash basin drain
5	Ausgang Duschpumpe	El. Shower drain pump
6	Ausgang Fäkalientank	Waste water drain
7	Ausgang Spüle	Sink drain
8	Echolot / Sumlog	Echo sounder / log
9	Decksabsaugung Fäkalientank	Deck suction waste water tank
10	Borddurchlass elektrische Lenzpumpe	Hull opening electric bilge pump
11	Borddurchlass Handlenzpumpe	Hull opening manual bilge pump
12	Lenzung	Bailing
13	Fäkalientankentlüftung	Waste water tank venting
15	Befüllung Frischwassertank	Filling fresh water tank
16	Entlüftung Frischwassertank	Fresh water tank venting
17	Befüllung Dieseltank	Filling Fuel Tank
18	Entlüftung Dieseltank	Fuel tank venting
19	Lenzung Stauraum	Locker drain
20	Lenzung Gasbox	LPG tank drain
21	Auslass Heizung	Heater drain
22	Lenzung Niedergangssumpf	Companionway drain
23	Ansaugung Kühlwasser	Cooling water suction
24	Ansaugung Klimaanlagen	Air condition suction
25	Auslass Klimaanlage	Air condition drain



Attention!

Initial operation/recommissioning: Prefill the air conditioner with water (about $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ liter) at the T-fitting of the sea water pump.

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2.13 Generator (Option)

3. Environmental protection

with its choice for the inboard diesel installed. An exhaust gas type-examination certificate can be handed in or sent on later upon request.

3.2 Waste

3.3 Sound

traffic. 3.4 Swell

You should be especially careful when filling the tank. A (wet) cloth around the fuel inlet can prevent fue from dripping into water. In your engine manual you can also find a diagram with a curve about the

specific fuel consumption thus offering you some good hint on the most favourable engine speed. For a necessary exchange of oil you should use a suction pump, because you cannot drain it off like with a car. The oil has to be exchanged at least once a year, even in case of a little operation time of the engine A well-maintained engine should never leak. But in order to prevent even smallest amounts of oil being discharged overboard with the pumped out bilge water, the engine bed has been designed in form of a closed oil sump. All water from this sump, being possibly mixed with oil, has to be pumped into

3.1 Fuel and oil

BAVARIA YACHTBAU has already met the legal requirements referring to exhaust gas regulations

separate canister and has to be deposited ashore. In any case there should be oil-binders aboard.

swell. Pay attention to relevant signs.

Attention For maintenance and care on a regularly basis of e.g. oil level, filter, etc. see manual.

- The wet exhaust pipe of the diesel engine reduces the engine sound considerably. Additionally rubber bearings, elastic couplings and the engine room insulation minimise sound emissions. Nevertheless you
- should not turn up the engine too quickly and, please, reduce the engine speed in waters with dense
- Natural bank areas are sensitive against swell. Please keep sufficient berth. Formation of waves, caused by your yacht, is an indicator of where and when you should reduce your speed to avoid unnecessary
- 3.5 Exhaust gas

For all water sportsmen it goes without saying: waste is not thrown overboard. This is also true for

biodegradable waste. There should be a regular waste bag or -bin in a locker seat.

- Check the escaping exhaust gas regularly. The exhaust gas should show neither black smoke nor blue
- clouds. In such a case you should either clean the air filter or have a repair shop readjust the engine.
- 3.6 Antifouling coatings
- The underwater part of the hull of each yacht has to be protected with an antifouling coating because marine growth means more energy for propulsion. Today there is a wide range of protective paint with various effects for different bodies of water. Trust the recommendations of specialists for your decision
- Coatings that are effective for years without any grinding in between are especially recommendable. But if the coating has to be sanded to some extend you should arrange these activities with the por-
- officials. Generally the ground under the yacht has to be covered with some plastic cloth to collect the rubbed down dust and dispose it.
- 3.7 Varnish removers Most varnish removers contain aggressive substances and should not be used or as little as possible. A
- mechanical removal of paint is the much better way.

4. Maintenance

1. Mast and rigging

See: Notes of the manufacturer 2. Sails

4.1 Maintenance, cleaning

Segelvacht Vision 46

The sails are made of Dacron. This material is very robust and resistant. Thus the sails keep their form for a very long time.

Inspect all your running and standing rigging carefully for sharp edges, splints, protruding ends of wire and the like because laminated cloth is especially sensitive against touching them. Those parts of the cloth that can chafe at spreaders or shrouds should be protected on both sides by sticking self-adhesive cloth to them. The same goes for the foot of the sail if there is the possibility of chafing at the rails.



Cleaning

along the joints.

joint.

joint seal.

- If there are any questions on the cloths do not hesitate to contact the

manufacturer or your sail maker. - Never remove track cars with ball bearings from the tracks carelessly. Always

constantly or store it improperly.

use sheet tracks with end stops,

Please clean your vacht immediately after you have taken it out of the water. High pressure cleaning devices will remove any growth. This is followed by an up keeping of the surface of the vacht. All paint manufacturers provide detailed instructions for their coating systems.

For ships sailing in salt water; rests of salt absorbs water and can cause a faster corrosion. Where- and whenever it is possible you should rinse the yacht and parts of it with fresh water.

Care and maintenance of decks Untreated wood weathers to a natural silver-grey colour, with no detriment to the timber's strength or other mechanical/physical properties. Because of wood's inherent durability and weather-resistant properties, the use of protective paints or coatings is partly necessary.

Practical tips on care and maintenance:

Teak cleaners should be used only if they contain no other active ingredients apart from normal soap. Additives such as phosphoric or oxalic acid, which are often incorporated as brighteners, are corrosive substances which attack both the caulking material and the timber, causing them to age rapidly. We therefore recommend that wooden decks be swabbed down with a mop and clean fresh water, to

continuous film over the caulking material as well. Some paints will not dry properly where they come into contact with the caulking material, leaving the surface tacky. In time most paints will flake away along the line of the joint. This spoils the appearance of the wooden deck and causes cracks to open up

Protective wood care oils - penetrate deep into the timber, and under the influence of heat and moisture can adversely affect the adhesion of the caulking material to the sides of the joint. As a result, the seal between the caulking material and the sides of the joint may break down, allowing water to enter. Paints and lacquers are decorative coatings which, when applied to a wooden deck, dry to form a

which a small quantity of normal soap may be added if desired. Heavy soiling may be removed by scrubbing with a hard sponge. The use of a power washer is not recommended. The high-pressure water jet will remove areas of sapwood and break the seal between the caulking material and the sides of the

In extended periods of hot, dry weather wooden decks should be watered at regular intervals to prevent the timber from during out completely. Excessive loss of moisture will cause the timber to shrink, placing the joints under stress. Under unfavourable conditions this can lead to premature ageing or failure of the

If these simple rules are strictly followed the durability of your wooden deck will increase significantly. 41 of 47

- Please remember: Damage to the cloth is mainly caused if it is incorrectly

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treated or handled. Especially if you let it shake, expose it to UV rays

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Stainless steel

The corrosion resistance of all fittings is based on their ability to constitute a thin skin together with the air occident, which makes a positive electrical potential. Specialists call it a CR-passive (CR is standing for chrome). But chrome is in the galvanic contact series negative and a bit less valuable than iron. If the thin protection skin is damaged the stainless CR will be active and less good than pure chrome. The corrosion can start. Who is not disappointed about little brown spots on the fittings? They are caused by flying rust or

particles of iron, which are in the air and in all harbours placed near big towns. As soon as the flying rus settles onto the protective coat of the stainless steel, it destroys the CR-passivity aggressively and fast. Stainless steel only stays good looking for a long time, if there's taken good care of it. Make it your habit, if you are washing your boat with clear water, to also clean the rail stanchions, pulpits and push pits and all stainless fittings thoroughly too. Clear water will wash away the salt, rust and flying rust, the protective coat will be "ventilated" and its function is guaranteed again. If you have already brown spots, you can use most of all available metal cleanings to take care of the

stainless steel fittings or you take normal polish like you use it for the hull. Of course - all the best care cannot help, if in the first place the fittings are not made out of the right material or the stainless steel has not been treated correct. Before you will buy the fitting, ask for example if the fitting has been polished electrically.

4.2 Coatings

You may contact your marina or the yard if you have any questions concerning the coatings. Preferably you should rely on one system of one manufacturer that goes on well together.

4.3 Wearing- and spare parts

As an experienced skipper you will not have difficulties in getting original spare parts. If you need any help, please contact the yard. If you need any spare parts but cannot get the original ones you have to pay attention to the stability

values to keep the yacht at the high technical standard it used to have at the time of delivery. 4.4 Repair work

Repairs at the hull (polyester full laminate and polyester sandwich laminate) can be carried out by a certified specialist considering the general rules for the processing of polyester resin. The interior construction was designed in such a way that a non-destructive elimination of defects can be realised. In regard to the technical equipment do not hesitate to contact a certified specialist or your dealer.

4.5 Winter storage

We have already given some well-directed advice on winter storage in different paragraphs of this manual, Generally speaking all firms offering winter storage should meet the latest technological standard as far as environmental conditions, storage blocks, fire protection and accessibility of your yacht

is concerned. Moreover there should be fixed rules for work, done by the owner himself, to prevent any

If possible the following objects should be taken from board and stored in a dry and frost-free place:

Ship's papers and other relevant documents Charts, books and instruments

Mattresses, upholstery, blankets and sleeping bags

interference with other sportsmen.

Sails and lines/ropes

Foodstuffs

Gas cylinders

Safety equipment

Life raft and rubber dinghy

Batteries

Advice:

- Before wintering you should pay special attention to the following parts and protect then correspondingly:
 - Rinse and clean the transmitters of the speedometer and echo sounder.
 Maintain the electrical systems and clean them with suitable materials.
 - Water pipes can be successfully cleaned with soft acids, e.g. white vinegar,
 - Water valves should be taken to pieces and greased.
 - The toilet and corresponding pipes are cleaned with fresh water.
 - . The rudder should be fixed that no movements are possible (e.g. by fixing the tiller or wheel).

Engine:

- · Fill the fuel tank completely
- Exchange the propeller's sacrificial anode (if necessary).
- Empty all cooling-water of the engine and follow the instructions of the manufacturer.
- Slacken all belts (lighting engine and other engine driven devices).

Winter storage

- · Observe all notes in the engine manual.
- · Store the fully charged batteries at a ventilated frost-free place.
- Grease the steering wire and –components
- . Remove all water out of the ship and protect it against rainwater entering it.
- Replace all components which seem not to be reliable any longer.

Mast and rigging

- It may not always be possible, but it is recommendable:
 - · Unship the mast,
 - Refit all standing and running rigging.
 - · Inspect the cables and other wires,
 - · Inspect bolts, spanners and other tie points for possible fatigue of material or cracks,
 - · Rinse all aluminium parts with fresh water
 - Rinse all lines/ropes with fresh water and store them in a dry place,
 - Rinse and grease all guide rollers of the mast and the boom.

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5. Final remarks and notes

This manual is in conformity with the directives of the harmonised European Norm EN 10240. Much of it might go without saying for you. Nevertheless we hope, that dealing with the different chapters of this manual will help you to understand the technical systems and the ideas behind them. As already mentioned in the introduction, the purpose of this manual is to contribute to an unspoilt use of the vacht.

Among the things that are not dealt with is e.g. the personal safety equipment. This solely belongs to the responsibilities of the skipper. It goes without saying that there have to be means of rescue for all persons on board. But this also includes the procurement and maintenance of a life raft, of signalling means, a first-aid-a swell as a tool-kit.

Inst-and- as well as a tool-tat.

Since the European Recreational Craft Directive pays special attention to fire protection it shall also be mentioned, that fire extinguishers have to be maintained in regular intervals and that it belongs to the duties of a skipper to introduce his crew into their operation.

duties of a skipper to introduce his crew into their operation.

Those being prepared for an emergency are normally never involved. But just in case: the yacht is properly equipped for those situations with suitable means.

Advice

We are constantly working on further developments of our sailing yachts. We hope you will understand that we have to reserve the right to changes in form, equipment and technology. For that reason no claims can be derived from data, illustrations and descriptions contained in this manual.

If your yacht should be equipped with any details not being referred to in this manual or in the owner's file, your party to the contract will inform you about the correct operation and maintenance.

Since all yachts, manufactured by BAVARIA Yachtbau GmbH, are exclusively sold by official dealers there is no contractual relationship between the yard and the customer/owner.

Thus BAVARIA Yachtbau GmbH is not familiar with details of the contract between the dealer and the customer. That's why it is not urgently necessary that your party to the contract takes over the full extent

of our warranty conditions.

So, if you have to make a claim it is unavoidable to contact your party to the contract.

6. List of manuals supplied

- manual with declaration of conformity
 - engine warranty card with corresponding instruction
 - gas test document with corresponding working instruction
 - release checklist
 - leaflets and description of production work

Se	gelyacht Vision 46	Bavaria Yachtbau Gmbl
Pr	oof of identity	
(to	be completed by the dealer or party to the	contract)
1.	First launch:	
2.	Date of delivery to the owner:	
3.	Type of boat:	
4.	Hull identification number:	
5.	Commission number:	
6.	Name of the yacht:	
7.	Manufacture and type of engine:	
8.	Engine number:	
9.	Gear (manufacture, type, gear ratio):	
10.	Propeller (manufacture, type, dim.):	
11.	Dealer, representative (name/address):	
12.	Signature/stamp dealer:	